

CHANGES IN THE FIELD OF CONTINUOUS EDUCATION

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Annotation

The article highlights the priority areas of state policy in the field of education and upbringing of a harmoniously developed generation. About big changes in the field of continuous education, and about further improvement of the system of postgraduate education.

Keywords: Quality education, personality formation, postgraduate education, e-education.

The sphere of education occupies one of the important places in the formation of the individual and especially the younger generation as a representative of the future educated elite of the country's society.

Taking into account this feature in the Republic of Uzbekistan from the first years of Independence, the sphere of education and upbringing of a harmoniously developed generation has been identified as one of the priority areas of state policy. President of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev noted at the inauguration ceremony: "We are all proud that our youth is rightfully becoming the decisive force of today, capable of taking responsibility for the future of the Motherland. We must bring to its logical conclusion the large-scale work being carried out in this direction, in particular, the adopted nationwide programs in the field of education and upbringing. In this regard, the most important task of the government, relevant ministries and departments, our esteemed mentors, professors and teachers is to provide young people with a quality education, to bring them up as physically healthy and spiritually mature individuals" [1].

The main task of a preschool institution is to prepare pupils for school, develop individuality, giftedness, form spirituality and morality, and strengthen their health. Fundamental changes have taken place in the modern system of general education, and it continues to be continuously modernized. On January 25, 2018, President of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoyev signed a decree "On measures to radically improving the system of general secondary, secondary specialized and vocational education" [4].

"Starting from 2018-2019, compulsory general secondary and secondary specialized education is carried out in general education schools, including specialized and boarding schools of arts and culture, specialized boarding schools of the Olympic

reserve, as well as academic lyceums on the basis of and 11-year cycle ", the document says. "The weak development of the system of vocational training for various categories of the population on the principle of "Lifelong Education" left a significant number of the adult population unclaimed in the labor market, including young people and people with disabilities in need of employment," the decree notes [2].

Thus, today in the Republic of Uzbekistan, major changes are taking place in the field of lifelong education, including the improvement of the system of preschool education and the transition to compulsory eleven-year education with the restructuring of the management mechanisms of the public education system. I would like to especially note the Decree of the President PP-2909 "On measures for the further development of the higher education system" dated April 20, 2017 [5], the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on further improvement of the system of postgraduate education, including basic doctoral studies - with the defense of a dissertation and the award of a doctoral degree philosophy (Ph.D) in the relevant branch of science; doctoral studies - with the defense of dissertations and the award of the degree of doctor of science (doctor of science) in the corresponding branch of science [3].

These reforms, first of all, are aimed at raising the level of spiritual, moral and intellectual development of the younger generation, meeting the long-term interests, realities and characteristics of a rather difficult stage in the modern development of Uzbekistan. Today's wind of change has touched not only the structure and form of higher education, but also the content of education. This concerns, first of all, State standards, curricula and programs of higher education. In addition, today young people can receive knowledge both in full-time and part-time forms of education.

The task was set to create educational resources for distance learning. Regular videoconferencing is now commonplace, but just a few years ago it was a novelty. For higher education institutions, everything was changed by the launch of a single corporate computer network "Electronic Education". The Center for the Implementation of Electronic Education in Educational Institutions has been opened under the Ministry. The formation of a common resource base has also begun through the creation of digital libraries, systematically replenished with textbooks, teaching aids, multimedia courses and other materials. International cooperation has reached a new level, including in the field of introducing advanced methods of teaching foreign languages. The practice of organizing internships for young promising personnel in leading foreign scientific and educational institutions has been significantly expanded [3,6].

Thus, today in Uzbekistan, the work of each university continues to develop established partnerships, as well as the widespread introduction of new, advanced technologies into the educational process, the analysis of curricula, teaching materials, literature, and the study of international standards. In addition, from the first semester of the current 2018-2019 academic year, intensive involvement in scientific and pedagogical activities began, seminars, master classes, advanced training courses

for teachers and scientists from foreign universities, as well as training in master's and doctoral studies, internships for young domestic personnel in other countries. The above analysis of Uzbekistan's experience in modernizing the education system, taking into account international standards, with access for both students and teachers to modern education educational information resources, the use of innovative forms and methods of teaching testifies to the relevance of these issues in the development of the Republic and the government's concern for the future of the country.

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