

## HISTORY OF THE MILITARY ART OF THE PEOPLES OF THE ANCIENT WORLD

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### Abstract

In this article, the History of Military Art of the Peoples of the Ancient World was the oldest classified societies in human history: Egypt, Syria, Iran, India, and China. This article is intended for familiarization with students of higher and secondary specialized institutions.

**Keywords:** Gomer's "Iliada" and "Odyssea Running, Fighting, Pushing, Jumping Police, Elliptical, Polestras.

### Introduction

Ancient Oriental slavery countries: Egypt, Syria, Iran, India, and China were the oldest classified societies in human history. In ancient Oriental countries, unlike the countries of Greece and Rome, slavery did not go beyond family slavery, and many community life forms continued with 45 preserved. In these countries, farmers, along with a class of slaves and slaves, were kept in large numbers of free congregations. The class of slaves is widely used by nations in previous periods of history in order to strengthen their economic and political power. The category of religions and kohins that emerged in the conditions of the indigenous community plays a major role in strengthening the government's rule.

All kinds of games, dances, chorovads and competitions that are related to their work and often have a movement of witchcraft movements. It was common among the free inhabitants of ancient Oriental countries. Many types of military exercises among the people were also widely used, because free teams still formed the basis of eastern dyspotian troops. It is a large number of iodine pears of ancient Egypt.

The struggle among Egyptian fallas is reflected in the prevalence of sword-fighting exercises, numerous acrobotic exercises, dance exercises, copywheel play, and hacking. Gomer's poems "Iliada" and "Odysseia" reflect vivid scenes of Greek life at that time, paint a picture of fierce warriors known as heroes, emphasizing the physical qualities that distinguish them from ordinary people. The heroes of Gomer's poems demonstrate their physical qualities and military feelings in numerous competition games that are killed, organized in honor of the heroes or in honor of celebrating any important time in tribal life. In these games, competitions were held on running, spears, disc throwing, jumping, fighting and other exercises.

By the ninth and eighth centuries B.C.E., the process of eating the seedlings and developing slavery relations in Greece led to the formation of the first countries. The first states began to emerge, aimed at strengthening the rule of the growing slave class.

The conquest of Laconia of the Dorians originated in the middle of the ninth century BC. At first, the Spartan Empire had a movement of military-organized breeding. Sparta has retained many of the features of this alliance throughout its history. The conquered inhabitants of the area become objects of very strict exploitation of the invaders. The locals were obliged to provide their stages with all their agricultural and craftsmanship products; And the stages that were organized into military communities themselves were only military. The Spartans focused mainly on the growth of strong endurance and epoch in the field of discipline because the movement and tactics of arming Spartans required this. Tarbia's goal is to perfect the physical qualities of future warriors, who will ensure their harmony, strength, and endurance. Much attention was paid to cultural issues in Sparta.

From the day Godak was born, his life was under state control. According to plotarch, they killed all children born with some physical deficiency and then taught them in specially organized social boarding houses. Boys from 7 to 14 years of age lived in public housing and enjoyed a basic physical culture.

They trained to overcome any difficulties using physical activity (running, fighting, pushing, jumping, etc.) and cultivated their strengths and endurance. Their coaches and executives were state-determined pedonomos. Each year, tests (houses) were organized for children who were part of the same age group, demonstrating the results that boys achieved in a year in developing their physical qualities. 14 A separate year was set for teenagers reaching the age of 14, known as the year of testing; these teenagers took up arms, grouped into special armed forces, and served in the police service and military service under the direction of their coaches.

After the end of the trial year, the teenagers would be placed in the eyren categories. Eyren (young men between the ages of 15 and 20) were engaged in systematic military training and at the same time provided practical assistance to the pedonomos in raising boys of junior high school. By the time the young Spartan was 20, he would pass another 50 tests and be enrolled in the categories, including 30 years of age. The dough should be changed man that when it is singing. They regularly engaged in physical activity, composing the qualities they needed for the aska. The harshness of Spartan Youth's husbands' gender physical and military exercises also harshly with the strict rule of Spartan girls.

Along with the young men, the girls took part in public holidays and took part in competitions and dances: more masturbations related to running, jumping, pushing and even fighting. Ancient egyptians mummified the dead, with the idea that the praetorian coat ofud would certainly prove to be an embarrassment to a person who is killed by Jesse."

The cultural system of slaves originated in Athens differs from the harsh, unsupported cultural system in Sparta (where they paid attention to mental education). In conditions of Athens' high economic and cultural development, the goal of preparing a warrior is not only from physical culture but also from intelligence. It was also achieved through the widespread

use of aesthetic culture, to testify to the Athenians themselves, and to prepare the warrior was a sign of achieving "external and inner beauty." (Matthew 24:14; 28:19, 20) Jehovah's Witnesses would be pleased to answer with you.

According to Lunian, as a result of gymnastics exercises, "young men unexpectedly develop the skills they need when they are forced to use their knowledge in battle," and polestras "use the best exercises to stimulate their naked organs and bodies, making it healthy, strong, flashy, faint, and resistant to enemy attacks." Pedotribes were trained in polestra; they used to practice on all kinds of exercises; but not so much every pedotrib would practice with students. Young servants were educated in gymnasiums from the age of 14 to 16. These issues were primarily intended to bring young people to perfection in gymnastics.

At the beginning of the second year of training in Ephesia, young warriors demonstrated publicly their knowledge of one-year military training; Thereafter, they gave them shields and spears and were zealous for the gornizons, who bordered them to serve in the military. Raising a young Athenian would end there. Later, however, when they entered the older age, the Athenians cared about the preservation and development of their physical training. They often came to gymnasiums, which were usually open from morning to evening, and attended the exercises themselves, not watching Youth's training here.

Ancient Greeks (ellipticals) lived in the southern part of the Balkans, on the Aegean River islands, in the coastal stripes of Asia Minor, partly in southern Italy and Sicily. The main historical role in the development of military art belongs to the Greek states of the Balkan Peninsula. Greece is usually divided into the Northern, Middle and Southern parts. In northern Greece, the Fessalia Plain, which has favorable conditions for dehydration and livestock, occupies a large area.

In Central Greece, Attica, the main cities of Athens and Beotia, was the center of which was Fiva. In Southern Greece or 53 Peloponnes, there are two main provinces: Laconia, whose main city is Sparta, and Messena, the main city. Greece is surrounded by seas on three sides, which has enabled the development of shipbuilding and maritime trade. In a political relationship, ancient Greece was divided into five large cities (police). Among them were especially Athens and Sparta, who played a leading role in the political life of ancient Greece. Many of the free people of ancient Greece lived mainly because of the welfare of slaves and spent their free time studying military work. Slaves were not allowed to serve in the army and they were not given weapons. All the military organization of the Greek cops, first and foremost, was aimed at keeping slaves in check. In addition, there were struggles between the visible rich and the great slaves.

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